Contraception

In the over 40s

Aims of the Session

- Know your population
 - what's special about the over 40s?
 - what's special about Barnsley
- Issues associated with contraception in the over 40s
- What are the options
- Knowing when to stop contraception
- Your fail safe contraception

I'm over 40 now, so I'm not likely to get pregnant?

40-44 10-20% 45-49 12% >50 Rare

4.2 Age

The abortion rate in 2020 was highest for women aged 21 (at 30.6 per 1,000 women). In 2019 the highest rate was for women aged 22 (31.6 per 1,000 women), and in 2010 it was highest for women aged 19 and 20 (both at 33 per 1,000 women).

Figure 7: Abortion rate per 1,000 women by single year of age, England and Wales, 2010 and 2020

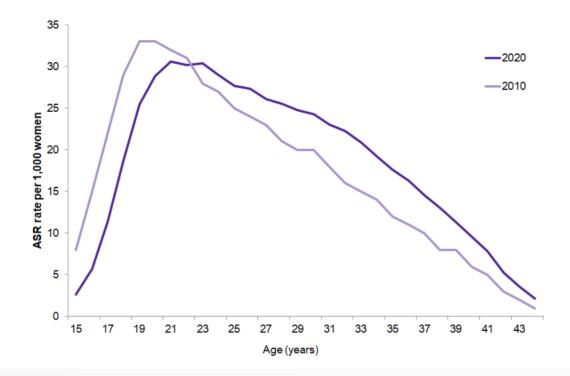
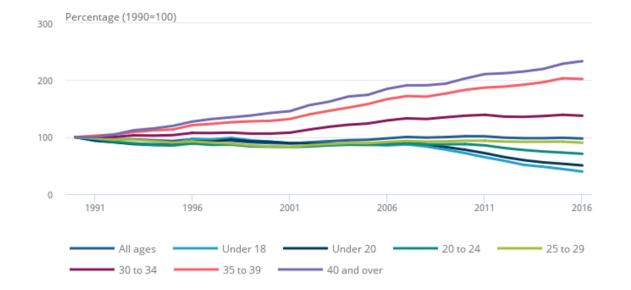


Figure 2: Relative changes in age-specific conception rates, 1990 to 2016

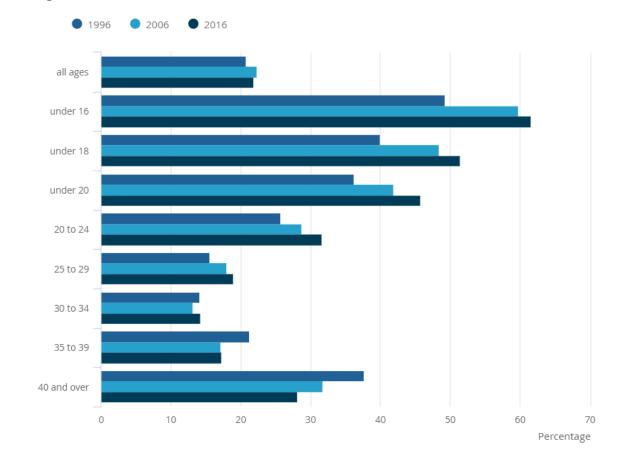
England and Wales



Source: Office for National Statistics

Figure 4: Percentage of conceptions leading to legal abortion by age of woman at conception, 1996, 2006 and 2016

England and Wales

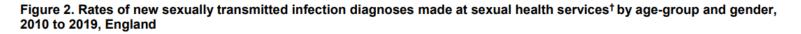


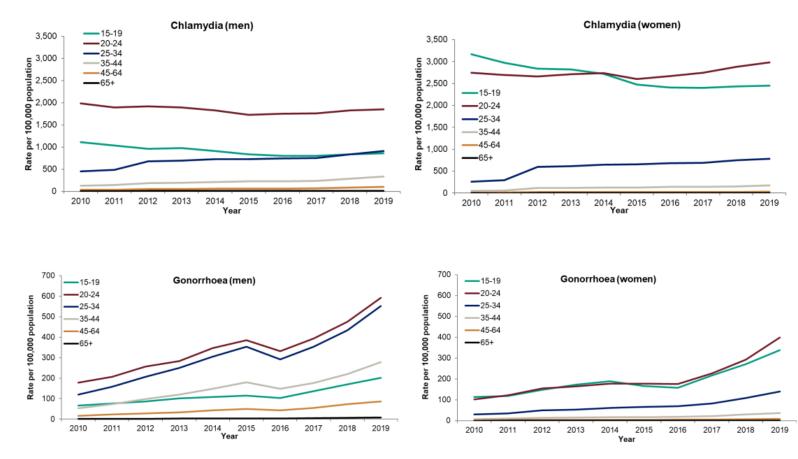
Risks of pregnancy in the >40s

- Higher abortion rate
- Maternal morbidity
- Miscarriage
- Ectopic
- Stillbirth, perinatal mortality, pretern delivery
- Congenital abnormalities

STI's

STIs and screening for chlamydia in England, 2019: annual official statistics, data to end of December 2019







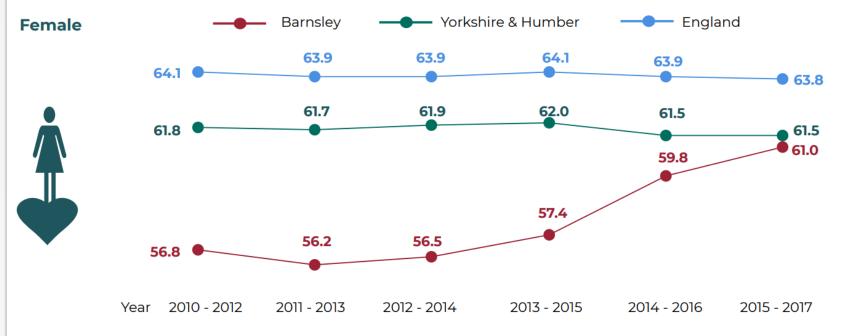




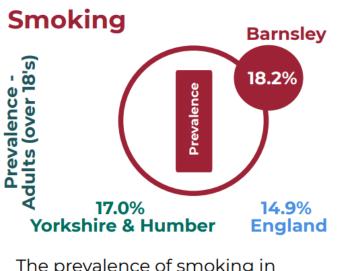


Health and Wellbeing

Healthy Life Expectancy at Birth

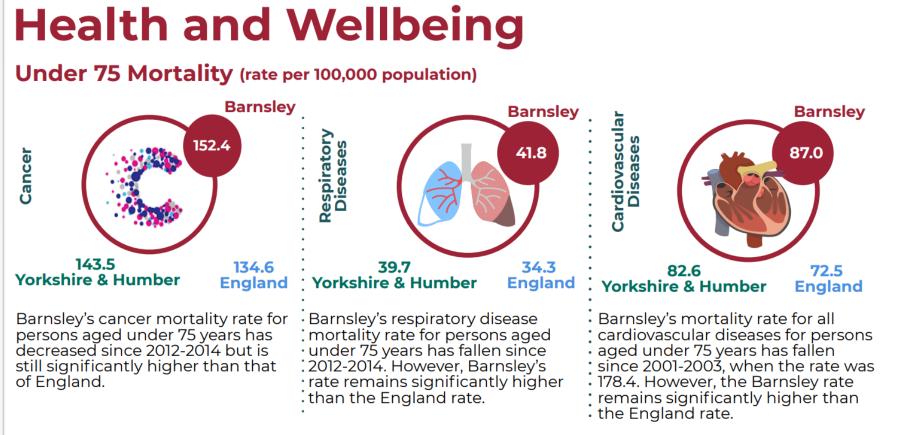


Healthy life expectancy at birth for females in Barnsley has increased by 4.5 years since 2012-2014. During this same time period the Yorkshire & Humber rate decreased by 0.4 years and the National rate decreased by 0.1.



The prevalence of smoking in Barnsley has reduced since 2012, when the rate was 24.4%, but continues to be above the rate for England.

Source: ONS annual population survey 2017



Source: Public Health England (based on ONS Source data). 2014-2017

breast cancer



Weight

Health Survey for England 2019. Adults aged 16 and over with valid height and weight measurements

BMI in kg/m ² , BMI status (%)	Region									
	North East	North West	Yorkshire & the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East of England	London	South East	South West	
Women										
Observed										
Mean BMI	28.5	27.7	28.3	28.1	28.2	27.4	26.7	26.8	28.0	
Standard error of the mean	0.40	0.32	0.38	0.37	0.48	0.32	0.35	0.35	0.39	
% Underweight	2	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	1	
% Normal	33	39	39	36	31	36	41	43	33	
% Overweight	27	31	29	28	33	36	30	32	34	
% Obese, excluding morbidly obese	32	25	25	30	29	23	22	19	27	
% Morbidly obese	5	5	7	5	4	4	3	4	4	
% Overweight, including obese	64	61	60	63	67	62	55	54	65	
% Obese	37	29	32	35	34	27	25	23	31	
Standardised										
Mean BMI	28.3	27.7	28.4	28.0	28.1	27.3	27.0	26.8	27.9	
Standard error of the mean	0.43	0.31	0.40	0.39	0.52	0.33	0.38	0.36	0.41	

Health and Wellbeing

Physical Activity

Percentage of Adults (19+) who Achieve 150+ Minutes of Physical Activity per Week



Barnsley

Yorkshire & Humber



England

60.9% of adults in Barnsley (aged 19+) achieve 150+ minutes of physical activity per week.

Percentage of Adults (19+) who do Less Than 30 Minutes of Physical Activity per Week



27.7% of adults in Barnsley (aged 19+) do less than 30 minutes of physical activity per week.

So why special guidance re >40s

• Its all about the risk



Type of cancer	Lifetime risk in	New cases per year by age (years)							
	UK	25–29	30–34	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59		
Breast	1 in 8	226	636	2777	5261	6160	5137		
Endometrial	1 in 41	15	41	160	329	720	1130		
Ovarian	1 in 52	125	142	301	465	628	672		
Cervical	1 in 135	448	410	355	295	230	208		

Menopause

- Erractic Hormone levels
- Abnormal Bleeding
- Problems around Sex (don't forget the men)

OPTIONS

Contraceptive method		Age (y	ears)		
Contraceptive method	20–24	35–39	40-44	45–49	
None	22	23	25	28	
Pill	54	27	10	13	
Male condom	50	24	21	11	
Withdrawal	7	5	6	4	
LNG-IUS	4	3	3	4	
Cu-IUD	6	12	9	11	
Injection	6	2	2	4	
Implant	5	0	0	1	
Patch	0	1	1	-	
Natural method	-	2	4	5	
Other	3	0	0	1	
Female sterilisation	3	10	18	19	
Vasectomy	1	22	28	30	

Reminder

UKMEC	Definition of category
Category 1	A condition for which there is no restriction for the use of the method.
Category 2	A condition where the advantages of using the method generally outweigh the theoretical or proven risks.
Category 3	A condition where the theoretical or proven risks usually outweigh the advantages of using the method. The provision of a method requires expert clinical judgement and/or referral to a specialist contraceptive provider, since use of the method is not usually recommended unless other, more appropriate methods are not available or not acceptable.
Category 4	A condition which represents an unacceptable health risk if the method is used.

So what can we use?

Condition	Cu-IUD	LNG-IUS	IMP	DMPA	POP	СНС
Age (years)	Menarche to	Menarche to	After	Menarche	After	Menarche
	<20 = 2	<20 = 2	menarche = 1	to <18 = 2	menarche =1	to <40 = 1
	≥20 = 1	≥20 = 1		18–45 = 1		≥40 = 2
				>45 = 2		

Copper coil



IUS



Implant



Injectables





POP



CHC



Hrt and contraception



When to stop contraception?



GO TO CONTRACEPTION IN ALL AGES!

